MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE OF DEATE BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH-Registrátion District No Registration District No. [If death occurred in a Olty ON) .Ward) hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 8EX COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED Gennal OR DIVORCED (Write the word) DATE OF BIRTH I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from , 1910, to afri (Month) (Day) (Year) that I last saw h____alive on___ AGE If LESS than day.___hrs and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at ! moz. 20 ds. | ormin.? The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work -(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town, . State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF My (SECONDARY) FATHER BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME *State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state
(1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. OF MOTHER . LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place In the of death. State_ .mos.. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?_ Former or usual residence

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative health-fulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of

Statement of cause of desarmer or Planter, DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the princomotive engineer, spect to time and causation), uetc. But in many accepted term for the same disements, it is necesbrospinal fever (the only definite s and also (b) the cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphi and therefore an "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never retter statement; it monia"); Lobar pneumonia; Broncas examples: (a) monia," unqualified, is indefinite); nan, (b) Grocery; meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcingy. The material (name origin; "Cancer" second statement. use of "Tumor" for malignant an," "Manager,"

port specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc. Carcinoma, Sar-

ethic Carcinoma, Sarning of illness. If reaing of illness. If reay be indicated thus:

coma, etc., of _____ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (1 ondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or minal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaen (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Con "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," et "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haem rhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shoo "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite dise can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," State cause for which surgi al operation was und taken. For violent deaths state means of injury; qualify as Accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

